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Author

Dariush, A (Dariush, A.); Cortese, L (Cortese, L.); Eales, S (Eales, S.); Pascale, E (Pascale, E.); Smith, MWL (Smith, M. W. L.); Dunne, L (Dunne, L.); Dye, S (Dye, S.); Scott, D (Scott, D.); Auld, R (Auld, R.); Baes, M (Baes, M.); Bland-Hawthorn, J (Bland-Hawthorn, J.); Buttiglione, S (Buttiglione, S.); Cava, A (Cava, A.); Clements, DL (Clements, D. L.); Cooray, A (Cooray, A.); DeZotti, G (DeZotti, G.); Driver, S (Driver, S.); Fritz, J (Fritz, J.); Gomez, HL (Gomez, H. L.); Hopkins, A (Hopkins, A.); Hopwood, R (Hopwood, R.); Ivison, RJ (Ivison, R. J.); Jarvis, MJ (Jarvis, M. J.); Jones, DH (Jones, D. H.); Kelvin, L (Kelvin, L.); Khosroshahi, HG (Khosroshahi, H. G.); Liske, J (Liske, J.); Loveday, J (Loveday, J.); Maddox, S (Maddox, S.); Madore, BF (Madore, B. F.); Michalowski, MJ (Michalowski, M. J.); Norberg, P (Norberg, P.); Phillipps, S (Phillipps, S.); Pohlen, M (Pohlen, M.); Popescu, CC (Popescu, C. C.); Prescott, M (Prescott, M.); Rigby, E (Rigby, E.); Robotham, A (Robotham, A.); Rodighiero, G (Rodighiero, G.); Seibert, M (Seibert, M.); Smith, DJB (Smith, D. J. B.); Temi, P (Temi, P.); Tuffs, RJ (Tuffs, R. J.); van der Werf, PP (van der Werf, P. P.)

Title

The environment and characteristics of low-redshift galaxies detected by the Herschel-ATLAS Source

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Abstract

We investigate the ultraviolet and optical properties and environment of low-redshift galaxies detected in the Herschel Astrophysical Terahertz Large Area Survey (H-ATLAS) science demonstration data. We use the Sloan Digital Sky Survey seventh release and the Galaxy And Mass Assembly data base to select galaxies with mag in the redshift range $0.02 = z = 0.2$ and look for their submillimetre counterparts in H-ATLAS. Our results show that at low redshift, H-ATLAS detects mainly blue/star-forming galaxies with a minor contribution from red systems which are highly obscured by dust. In addition we find that the colour of a galaxy rather than the local density of its environment determines whether it is detectable by H-ATLAS. The average dust temperature of galaxies that are simultaneously detected by both PACS and SPIRE is 25 ± 4 K, independent of environment. This analysis provides a glimpse of the potential of the H-ATLAS data to investigate the submillimetre properties of galaxies in the local universe.